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Wiyot the subjective verbal pronoun of the first person plural is *-itak*; in Miwok *-tok*. It has long been recognized that *n* in the possessive, verbal (as subject), and independent pronouns of the first person singular is widely spread; examples are Chinook *n-* (verbal), Maidu *nī* (verbal), *niki* (possessive), Tsimshian *n-* (verbal), Coahuiteco *na-* (possessive), Yurok *ne-*, *no-*, Fox *ne-* (possessive and verbal), and similarly other Algonquian dialects. Languages as far apart as Wappo and Iroquois agree closely in the independent pronoun of the first person singular: in the former it is *ī*, in the latter it is *i*².

Enough has been said to show the utter folly of haphazard comparisons unless we have a thorough knowledge of the morphological structure of the languages concerned. It is for this reason that I have refrained from endeavoring to compile a list of fancied lexicographical resemblances between Wiyot and Yurok with other languages than Algonquian ones, and a list of such similarities between Algonquian and other languages than Wiyot and Yurok.

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INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF AMERICANISTS

THE undersigned members of the Permanent Council of the International Congress of Americanists, basing their action on paragraph xv of the statutes of the Congress as adopted at Paris in 1900, feel obliged to make the following declaration:

At the closing meeting of the XVIII Congress, held in London on June 1, 1912, the following regulations were adopted in regard to the locality at which was to be held the XIX Congress in 1914:

IV. (a) An invitation to hold the meeting of the XIXth Congress at Washington was moved by Dr A. Hrdlička in the name of the Smithsonian Institution, and seconded by Professor H. Cordier.

Letters of invitation from the Smithsonian Institution, the George Washington University, the Catholic University of America, the Archaeological Institute of America, the Anthropological Society of Washington, and Georgetown University were read, and a list of members of the proposed Organizing Committee was presented.

Invitation accepted by acclamation. Mr W. H. Holmes, Dr A. Hrdlička, and Mr F. W. Hodge were named as organizers.

(b) An amendment: Mr A. Posnansky, as bearer of an invitation from the Government of Bolivia (and from the Geographical Society of La Paz) to hold the XIX Congress in La Paz, proposed the acceptance of this as an addition to the Session in Washington.

"Accepted unanimously."¹

Following these lucid and incontrovertible decisions, the Session of the XIX International Congress of Americanists is to be held this year in Washington, and is to be followed by a supplementary session at La Paz, Bolivia. The latter session was from the first conceived as a kind of larger excursion to follow the post-session excursion in the United States, and at which papers and discussions might be presented.

On the 24th of June, however, an undated invitation from La Paz reached a number of European Americanists, signed by a president and a general secretary of an organizing committee in La Paz, neither of whom appears to have been elected at the London session, which document contradicts the agreement of the London Congress in that it announces the La Paz Session as the *Second* Session of the XIX International Congress of Americanists, similar to the Second Session which, for important reasons and under exceptional circumstances, was held in 1910 in the City of Mexico, following the session in Buenos Ayres. In the present case such an assumption is in direct opposition to the clear meaning of the decisions rendered at the London Congress.

The undersigned members of the Permanent Council of the Congress of Americanists definitely declare, therefore, that in this year *only one authorized session* of the XIX Congress can take place, and that in Washington; that this session has exclusive charge of carrying out the regulations of the Congress as given in its statutes; and that besides the discharge of these obligations it is to decide on the place of meeting of the XX Congress, which is to convene in 1916. The *supplementary* Session at La Paz is free to arrange for scientific presentations and discussions, as well as additional excursions, and to publish its Proceedings. That Session will also be in a position to adopt resolutions, but not statutory conclusions.

This declaration will be submitted to the XIX Session in Washington.

Berlin, London, Versailles, and Wien, June 1914. H. Froidevaux, G. Hellmann, F. Heger, Sir Clements Markham, E. Seler, K. von den Steinen, W. Weckbecker.²

¹ *International Congress of Americanists, Proceedings of the XVIII Session*, London, 1912, page lix.

² Several of the members of the Permanent Council could not be reached, owing to absence on expeditions or residence in distant countries.